

# Forecasted Contracted Capacity Workshop

**18 February 2021** 

nationalgrid

# Agenda

- Timetable to follow updates for awareness
- Reflections from discussion on 11<sup>th</sup> February
- Initial proposal for review
  - High level Entry overview & next steps on Entry



# Draft Proposal – Exit FCC Methodology (as shown on 11<sup>th</sup> Feb)

DC - Power Stations, DC - Industrials, Interconnectors, Storage Sites



#### **Discussions and reflections from previous session**

High level overview of what was discussed on 11<sup>th</sup> February:

- Reviewed a suggested approach for Exit along with draft summary values following the steps given
- Gives the foundation needed to start drafting the FCC Methodology (FCCM)
- Feedback on the day plus some comments after the workshop
  - Step 2: Use historic flows rather than historic forecasts in the normalisation tab
  - Step 3: Overwriting the utilisation factor with the industry average for all sites where the values was 2x or greater.
  - Step 5/6: Using the PARCA and Sold data for Gas Year Y for Future Variations
  - PARCAs that have progressed to Stage 2 for the relevant gas year (Y), value should be used
  - Sold capacity per Exit Point for Gas Year Y, should be assessed as could reduce in July window if no User Commitment
  - Application of the GDN 1 in 20 PEAK undiversified value for the GDN forecast for Y rather than Capacity Booked in Y-1
  - Analysis for the future gas years after Y, as FCC is for 5 years

# High Level Overview of proposal for comment for Entry

Approach is based on flows and capacity utilisation as key inputs following the Exit approach given on 11<sup>th</sup> February

1. Historic Flow

- Historic Flow data collated per Entry Point, for the previous 5 years, Y-2 to Y-6 per quarter
- Averaged to provide an Historic quarterly flow value per Entry Point.
- Divided by number of days in the quarter to provide a kWh/d value per Entry Point per quarter.



- Previous 5 years (Y-2 to Y-6) worth of flows by Entry Point collected.
- Averaged to provide a quarterly forecast by Entry Point value.
- Disaggregate the FES forecast from annual value to quarterly value based on the historic flow.
- Divided by disaggregated quarterly FES forecast for year Y by Sector / Entry Point type, to calculate a normalisation value to reflect historic flow profiles into the latest supply value (applied per Sector / Entry Point Type)
- Historic Flow values per individual Entry Point multiplied by the applicable Sector / Entry Point type normalisation value to revise the forecast flow per site to reflect forecast supply for year Y.



- Capacity Utilisation factor per site\* applied to the Forecast Flow per site to account for capacity purchases above flow levels and calculate the Forecast Capacity.
- Capacity utilisation calculated per site based on capacity bookings and flows:
  - Sum of capacity / Sum of flow
    - for October 2020 to January 2021 (4 months under the current regime)
- \* Individual site capacity utilisation value reviewed for each individual site, and where deemed to be erroneous replaced in the calculations with the sector (Entry Point type) average.
  - This is due to some sites having high levels of capacity, but limited flows year to date which creates an artificially high Capacity Utilisation Factor.



- In order to account for any known future variations, 3 other values are collected for each Entry Point and an assessment is made of which of the three values is used to set the Revised Forecast Capacity Value for each Point.
  - Sold Capacity per Entry Point for each quarter Gas Year Y.
  - Existing Contract (EC) Capacity per Entry Point for each quarter Gas Year Y.
  - PARCAs that have progressed to Stage 2 for the relevant gas year (Y).

- One of the key drivers behind the setting of the Revised Forecast Capacity value is historic flows.
- An assessment is undertaken for each entry point of the metric being used for each point to set that sites Revised Forecast Capacity Value:
  - Where an Entry Points Revised Capacity Value is set based on Historic Flows, and National Grid has intelligence that indicates that that Entry Point will be a zero flow site (not be flowing for Gas Year Y), then the Revised Capacity Value is replaced with 0.
  - If a site with a forecast zero flow has its Revised Capacity Value set from Future Sold Capacity / EC / PARCA then this is assessed further.
- For each quarter for each Entry Point aggregate to annual value





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